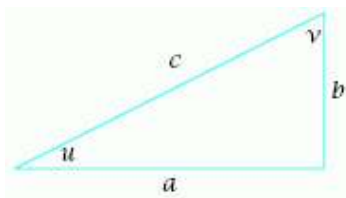


**1. Chapter 5, Section 5.1, Question 018**

Use the right triangle below. This triangle is not drawn to scale corresponding to the given data.



Suppose  $a = 9$  and  $c = 10$ . Evaluate  $u$  in radians.

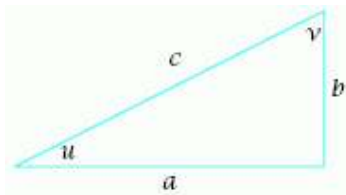
Round your answer to three decimal places.

$u =$   <sup>\*1</sup> radians

*Significant digits not applicable; the absolute tolerance is +/-0.002*

**2. Chapter 5, Section 5.1, Question 024**

Use the right triangle below. This triangle is not drawn to scale corresponding to the given data.



Suppose  $a = 11$  and  $b = 10$ . Evaluate  $v$  in degrees.

Round your answer to one decimal place.

$v =$   <sup>\*1</sup> degrees

*Significant digits not applicable; the absolute tolerance is +/-0.2*

**3. Chapter 5, Section 5.1, Question 026**

Find the angle between the two sides of length  $4$  in an isosceles triangle that has one side of length  $3$  and two sides of length  $4$ .

Round your answer to one decimal place.

\*1 degrees

*Significant digits not applicable; the absolute tolerance is +/-0.1*

#### 4. Chapter 5, Section 5.1, Question 029

Find the smallest positive number  $t$  such that

$$10^{\cos t} = 5.$$

Round your answer to three decimal places.

$t =$  \*1 radians

*Significant digits not applicable; the absolute tolerance is +/-0.002*

#### 5. Chapter 5, Section 5.1, Question 030

Find the smallest positive number  $t$  such that

$$10^{\sin t} = 3.$$

Round your answer to three decimal places.

$t =$  \*1 radians

*Significant digits not applicable; the absolute tolerance is +/-0.002*

#### 6. Chapter 5, Section 5.1, Question 032

Find the smallest positive number  $t$  such that

$$e^{\tan t} = 400.$$

Round your answer to three decimal places.

$$t = \boxed{\phantom{000}}^{*1} \text{ radians}$$

*Significant digits not applicable; the absolute tolerance is +/-0.002*

### 7. Chapter 5, Section 5.1, Question 033

Find the smallest positive number  $\gamma$  such that

$$\cos(\tan \gamma) = 0.7.$$

Round your answer to three decimal places.

$$\gamma = \boxed{\phantom{000}}^{*1} \text{ radians}$$

*Significant digits not applicable; the absolute tolerance is +/-0.002*

### 8. Chapter 5, Section 5.1, Question 036

Find the smallest positive number  $x$  such that

$$\sin^2 x - 20\sin x + 18 = 0.$$

Round your answer to three decimal places.

$$x = \boxed{\phantom{000}}^{*1} \text{ radians}$$

*Significant digits not applicable; the absolute tolerance is +/-0.002*

### 9. Chapter 5, Section 5.1, Question 044

What is the angle between the positive horizontal axis and the line containing the points  $(4, 7)$  and  $(8, 4)$ ?

Enter a positive angle.

Round your answer to one decimal place.

$$\theta = \boxed{\phantom{000}}^{\circ} \text{ degrees}$$

*Significant digits not applicable; the absolute tolerance is +/-0.5*

### 10. Chapter 5, Section 5.1, Question 042

What angle does the line  $y = 6x$  in the  $xy$ -plane make with the positive  $x$ -axis?

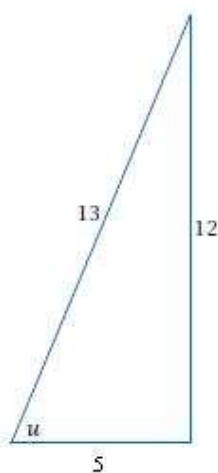
Round your answer to one decimal place.

$$\theta = \boxed{\phantom{000}}^{\circ} \text{ degrees}$$

*Significant digits not applicable; the absolute tolerance is +/-0.1*

### 11. Chapter 5, Section 5.1, Question 050

Use the right triangle below to find three expressions of the angle,  $u$  in terms of the inverse trigonometric functions.



$$u = \cos^{-1}$$

$$u = \sin^{-1}$$

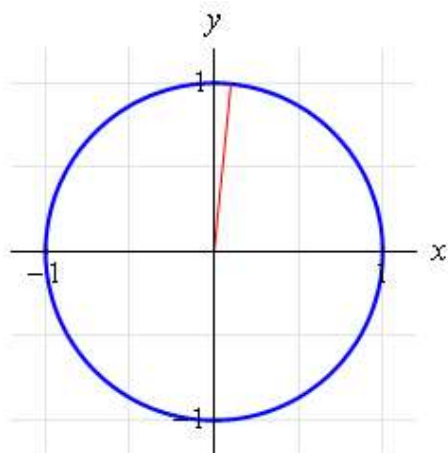
$$u = \tan^{-1}$$

### 12. Chapter 5, Section 5.1, Question 052

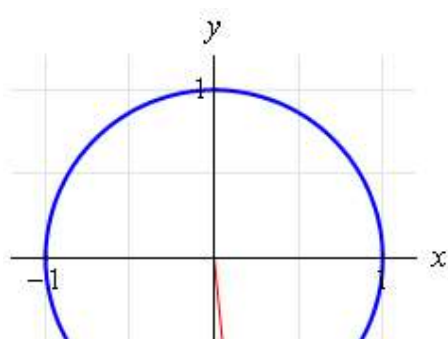
Without using a calculator, sketch the unit circle and the radius corresponding to  $\cos^{-1} 0.1$ .

Choose the correct answer.

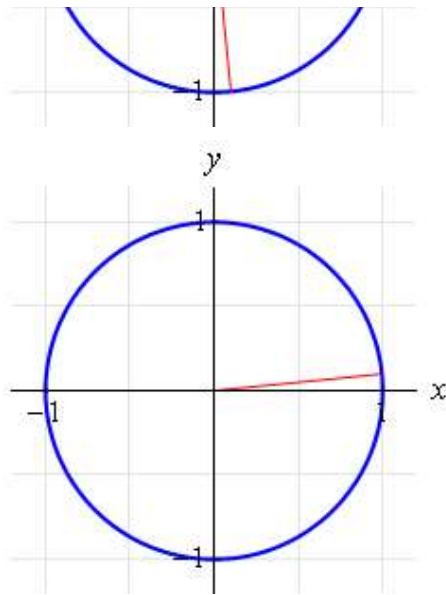
a.



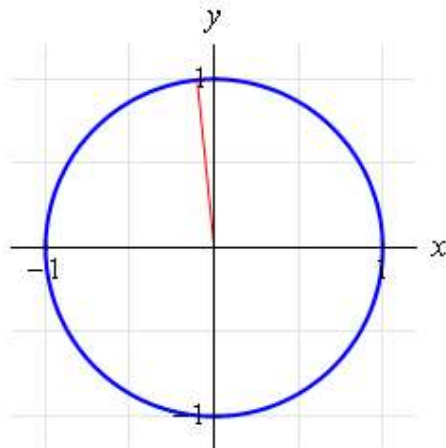
b.



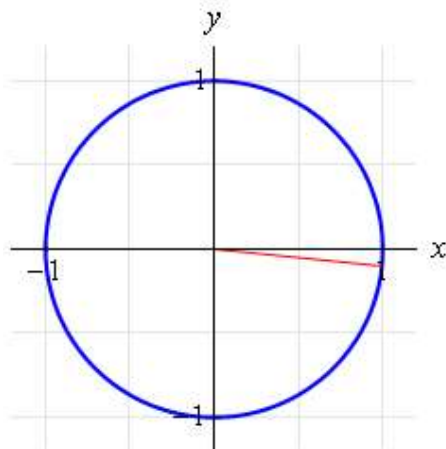
c.



d.

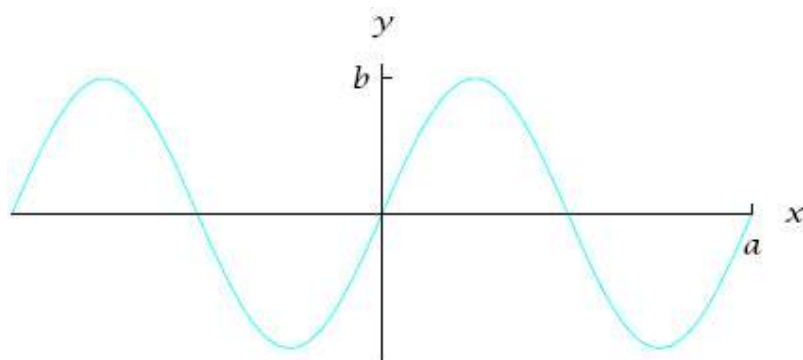


e.



Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

**13. Chapter 6, Section 6.1, Question 005**

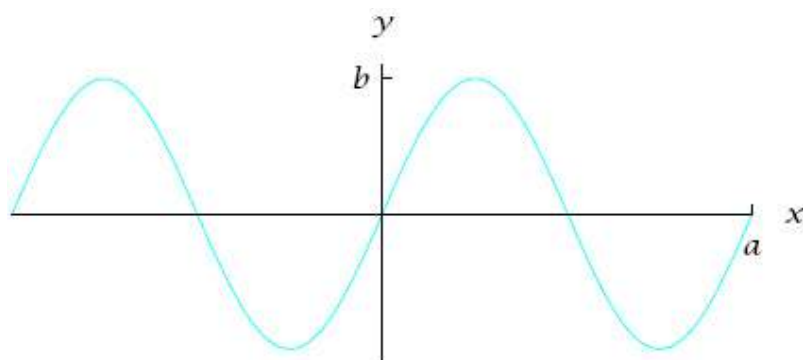


Suppose the figure above is part of the graph of the function  $5 \sin x$ . What is the value of  $b$ ?

$b =$   \*1

*Significant digits not applicable; exact number, no tolerance*

#### 14. Chapter 6, Section 6.1, Question 006

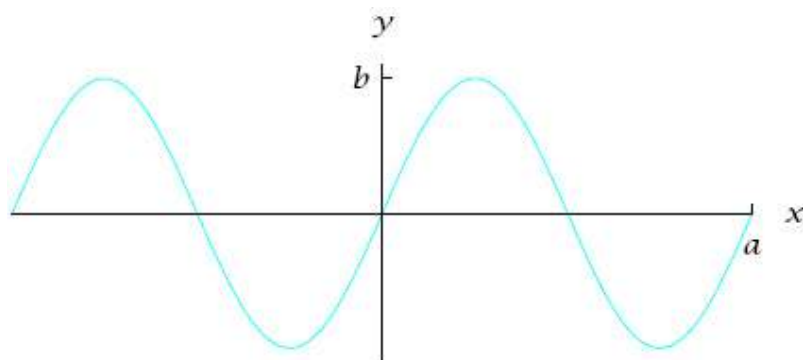


Suppose the figure above is part of the graph of the function  $8 \sin(3x)$ . What is the value of  $b$ ?

$b =$   \*1

*Significant digits not applicable; exact number, no tolerance*

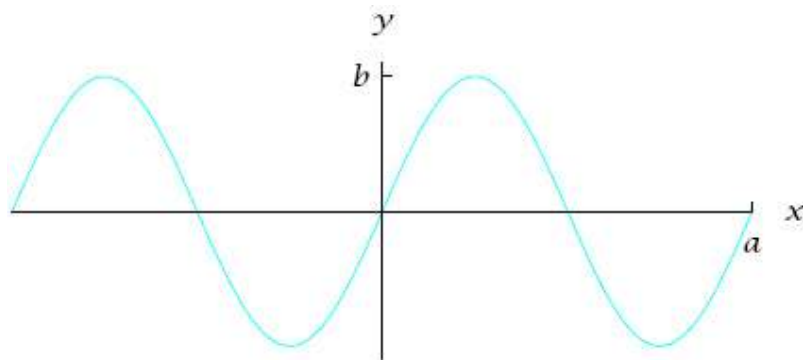
#### 15. Chapter 6, Section 6.1, Question 008



Suppose the figure above is part of the graph of the function  $9\sin(9x)$ . What is the value of  $a$ ?

$a =$

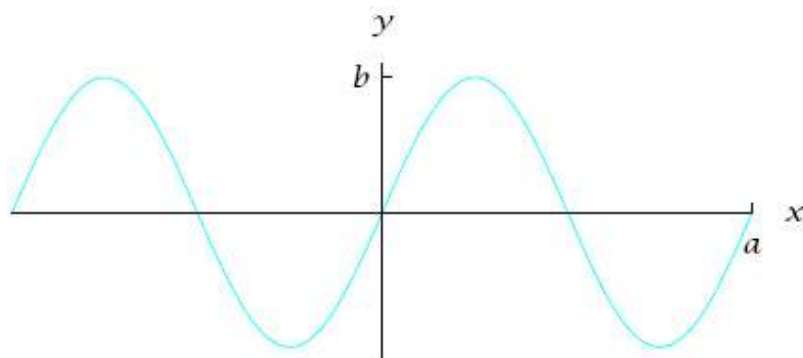
**16. Chapter 6, Section 6.1, Question 010**



Find the smallest positive number  $c$  such that the figure above is part of the graph of the function  $\sin(x - c)$ .

$c =$



**17. Chapter 6, Section 6.1, Question 012**

Find the smallest positive number  $c$  such that the figure above is part of the graph of the function  $\cos(x + c)$ .

[Hint: The correct answer is not  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ .]

$c =$

**18. Chapter 6, Section 6.1, Question 013b**

What is the range of the function  $5 + \cos x$ ?

Enter your answer in interval notation.

Range =

**19. Chapter 6, Section 6.1, Question 013d**

What is the period of the function  $5 + \cos x$ ?

Period =

**20. Chapter 6, Section 6.1, Question 014c**

What is the amplitude of the function  $3 - \cos x$ ?

Amplitude = \*1

*Significant digits not applicable; exact number, no tolerance*

**21. Chapter 6, Section 6.1, Question 018c**

What is the amplitude of the function  $9\cos(3\pi x)$ ?

Amplitude = \*1

*Significant digits not applicable; exact number, no tolerance*

**22. Chapter 6, Section 6.1, Question 018d**

What is the period of the function  $6\cos(3\pi x)$ ?

Enter an exact answer.

Period =

### 23. Chapter 6, Section 6.1, Question 022

Assume that  $f$  is the function defined by

$$f(x) = a \cos(bx + c) + d,$$

where  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$ , and  $d$  are constants.

Find two distinct values for  $a$  so that  $f$  has amplitude  $\frac{9}{5}$ .

Enter the exact answers in increasing order.

$a =$

$a =$

### 24. Chapter 6, Section 6.1, Question 030

Assume that  $f$  is the function defined by

$$f(x) = a \cos(bx + c) + d$$

where  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$ , and  $d$  are constants.

Find values for  $a$ ,  $d$ ,  $c$ , and  $b$  with  $a > 0$  and  $b > 0$  and  $0 \leq c \leq \pi$ , so that

$f$  has range  $[-7, 3]$ ,  $f(0) = -3$ , and  $f$  has period  $10$ .

Enter the exact answers.

$a =$

$d =$

$c =$

$b =$